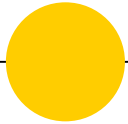




# **2019 Electoral System Assessment Survey: A Prototype**





# What helped you get through the past week?



**Which of these ten pillars are you most concerned about in the upcoming 2022 elections, and why?**

# THE BIG PICTURE: TEN PILLARS OF INCLUSIVE, HONEST, ORDERLY, AND PEACEFUL ELECTIONS

Fair Officiating:  
Facilitating and  
Regulating

Political Parties and  
Candidates:  
Inclusive  
Engagement

Electoral Climate:  
Maintaining Public  
Order and Safety

Campaign  
resources: Leveling  
the playing field

Mass Media and  
Think Tanks:  
Information for  
Decision-Making

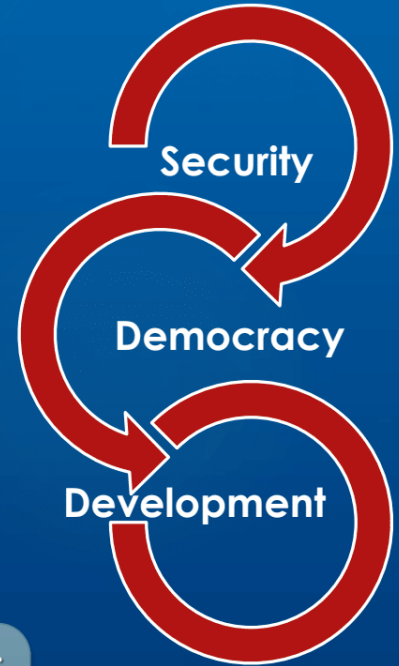
Monitoring and  
Evaluation: Internal  
and External  
Mechanisms



Programs of  
Government:  
Formulation and  
Articulation

Electoral Process  
Management –  
Logistics in Place  
On Time

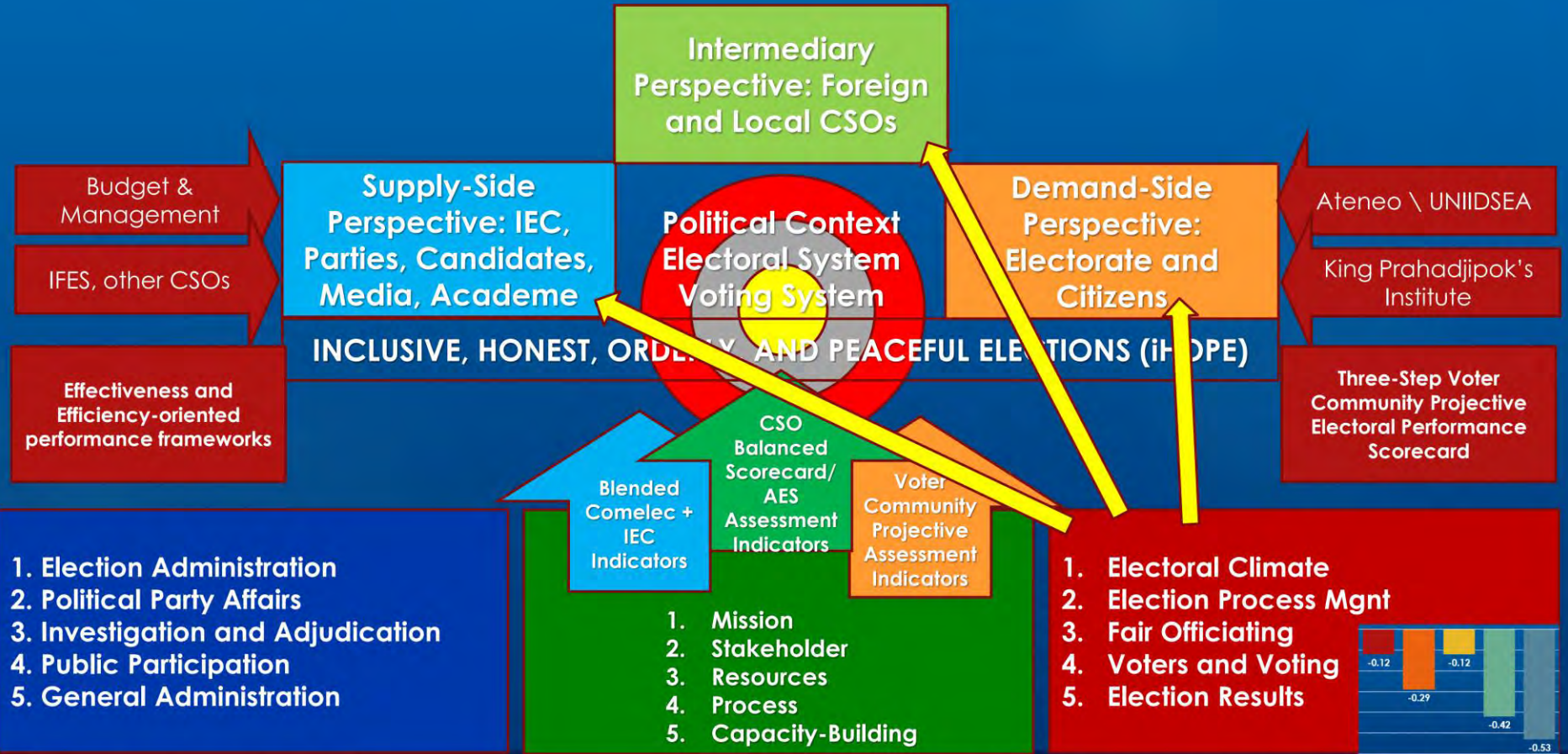
Voters and voting:  
Registration and  
Participation

Electoral Results:  
Transparency,  
Accountability,  
and Credibility





**Which of these ten pillars are you most concerned about in the upcoming 2022 elections, and why?**



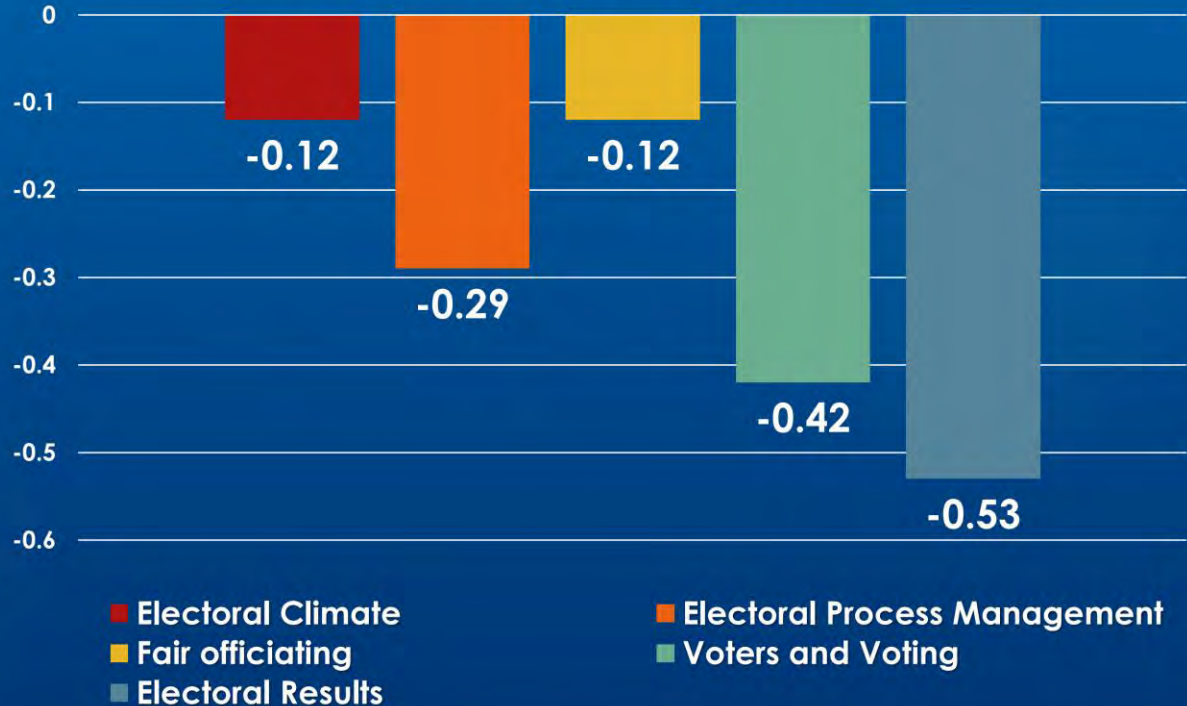
# Indices of Voter Outlook on 2019 Midterm Elections

Overall, the outlook of the voters is negative. All five indices computed ranged from a low of -0.12 to a high of -0.53, on a scale that ranged from -2.00 to +2.00.

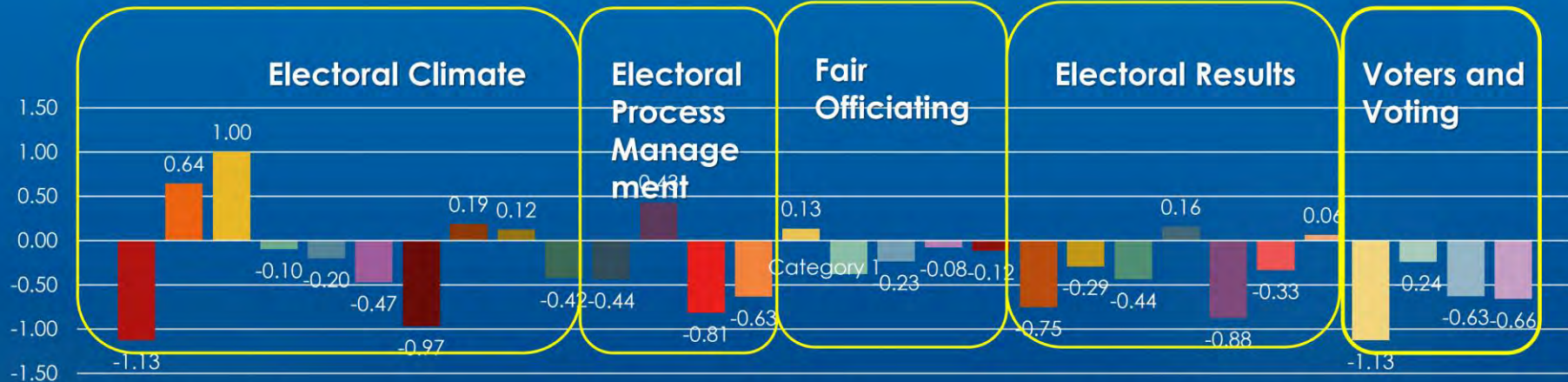
“Electoral climate” and “Fair officiating” were the most favorable indices at -0.12, followed by “electoral process management” at -0.29.

The most unfavorable indices were “electoral results” (-0.53) and “voters and voting” (-0.42).

## Indices of Voter Outlook on 2019 Elections



# Voter Outlook on the Process and Results of the May 2019 Philippine Elections



- Free political participation
- Comelec free to move among precincts
- Moderation of intense competition
- Successful elections
- Equitable flow of Comelec funds
- Balanced composition of Comelec
- Clarity of mandate and vision of Comelec
- Consideration for PWDs
- Information and education
- Results of elections
- Certainty elections will be held
- Voters' list of Comelec in order
- Control of armed groups
- Adequacy of Training of Comelec officials
- Comelec bias for candidates
- Credible election results
- Equitable scope of districts
- Registration of voters
- Process of voting
- Best candidates elected
- Free to vote in elections
- Effective management of political conflict
- Capacity of Comelec
- Adequacy of Comelec budget
- Politicians' control of Comelec
- Election rules
- Equitable distribution of voters in precincts
- Voters' IDs provided
- Vote counting
- Overall outlook





# Electoral System Challenges in the Philippines and Thailand

- ▶ Deeply entrenched patronage politics, political dynasties, and political party systems controlled by powerful elite groups have historically been major socio-political challenges and obstacles to the performance of IECs in the Philippines and Thailand
- ▶ Performance monitoring and evaluation is key to IECs institutional development and reform, and engaging partners and voters in constructive assessments will provide critical insights on how to make elections more inclusive, honest, orderly, and peaceful.

# iHOPE Elections

- ▶ **Inclusive** – provides opportunities for the full participation of political parties, candidates, and voters in elections; inclusive policies and mechanisms to enable poor, marginalized, disadvantaged, voiceless people to participate in political and electoral activities.
- ▶ **Honest** – transparent and clean elections
- ▶ **Orderly** – effective information, education, and electoral and voting systems and procedures
- ▶ **Peaceful** – absence of violence and coercion

# Exclusion from full participation in the electoral system due to

- ▶ Lack of programmatic political parties (no real strategic policy choices)
- ▶ Control and inertia of political dynasties
- ▶ Campaign finance bias for the rich candidates
- ▶ Illiteracy and poor education
- ▶ Differential reach of Mass media
- ▶ Limited geographic reach and access of political parties and candidates

# Challenges

- ▶ Lack of IEC performance framework -- what cannot be measured cannot be managed
- ▶ Lack of focus on the “Big Picture” – Political and Electoral System Performance
- ▶ Emphasis on Supply-side electoral system performance framework and methods, not on demand-side performance evaluation

# Age and Gender of the Respondents



02Age1	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
18-40	16	42.11%	42.11%	26.31%	59.18%	
40+	22	57.89%	100.00%	40.82%	73.69%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

03Gender	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
F	24	58.54%	58.54%	42.11%	73.68%	
M	17	41.46%	100.00%	26.32%	57.89%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



## Educational Attainment of the Respondents

04EducAttain1	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
some or finished graduate studies	16	39.02%	39.02%	24.20%	55.50%	
Some or finished HS/College	25	60.98%	100.00%	44.50%	75.80%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

# Occupation of the Respondents



05Occup1	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
Educator/Researcher	9	22.50%	22.50%	10.84%	38.45%	
Government Worker	6	15.00%	37.50%	5.71%	29.84%	
Health/Medical worker	2	5.00%	42.50%	0.61%	16.92%	
Homemaker	4	10.00%	52.50%	2.79%	23.66%	
ICT Worker	1	2.50%	55.00%	0.06%	13.16%	
NGO worker	1	2.50%	57.50%	0.06%	13.16%	
Private sector employee	1	2.50%	60.00%	0.06%	13.16%	
Professional	2	5.00%	65.00%	0.61%	16.92%	
Retiree	5	12.50%	77.50%	4.19%	26.80%	
Self-Employed	6	15.00%	92.50%	5.71%	29.84%	
Student	2	5.00%	97.50%	0.61%	16.92%	
Unemployed	1	2.50%	100.00%	0.06%	13.16%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



## City of Birth of the Respondents

06CityofBirth1a	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
Metro Manila	16	39.02%	39.02%	24.20%	55.50%	
Other Luzon	13	31.71%	70.73%	18.08%	48.09%	
Visayas & Mindanao	12	29.27%	100.00%	16.13%	45.54%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			





## City of Current Residence of the Respondents

07CityResidence1	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
Other	22	53.66%	53.66%	37.42%	69.34%	
San Mateo	19	46.34%	100.00%	30.66%	62.58%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

# Number of Continents Visited by the Respondents

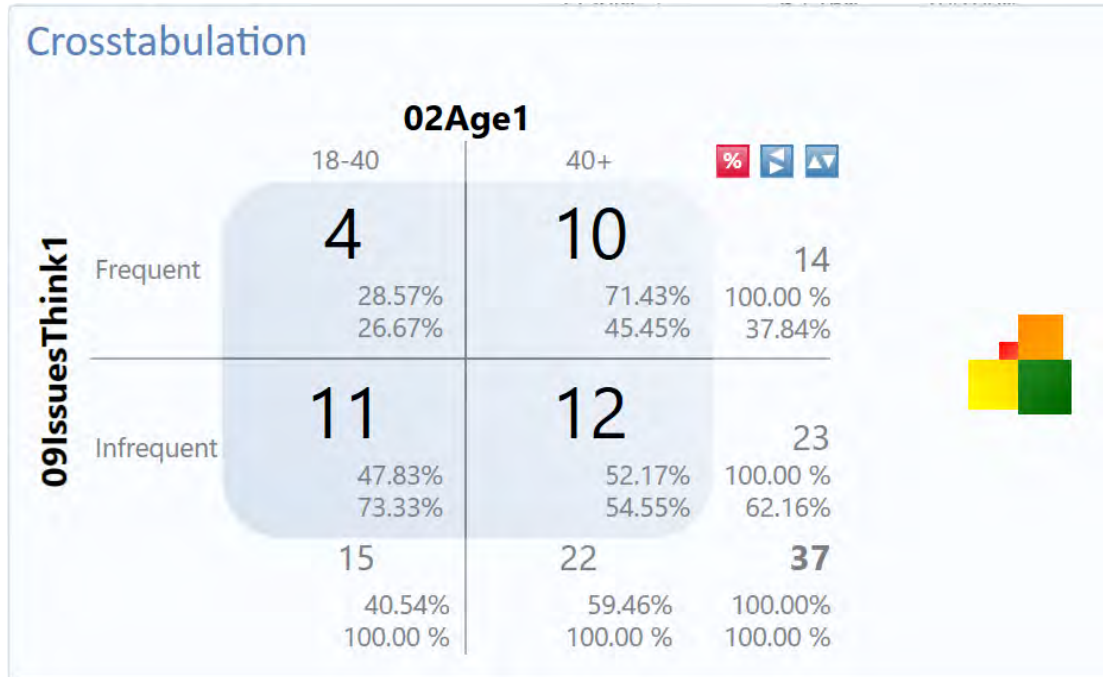


08Continents	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
0	15	36.59%	36.59%	22.12%	53.06%	
1	13	31.71%	68.29%	18.08%	48.09%	
2	6	14.63%	82.93%	5.57%	29.17%	
3	2	4.88%	87.80%	0.60%	16.53%	
4	3	7.32%	95.12%	1.54%	19.92%	
5	1	2.44%	97.56%	0.06%	12.86%	
6	1	2.44%	100.00%	0.06%	12.86%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

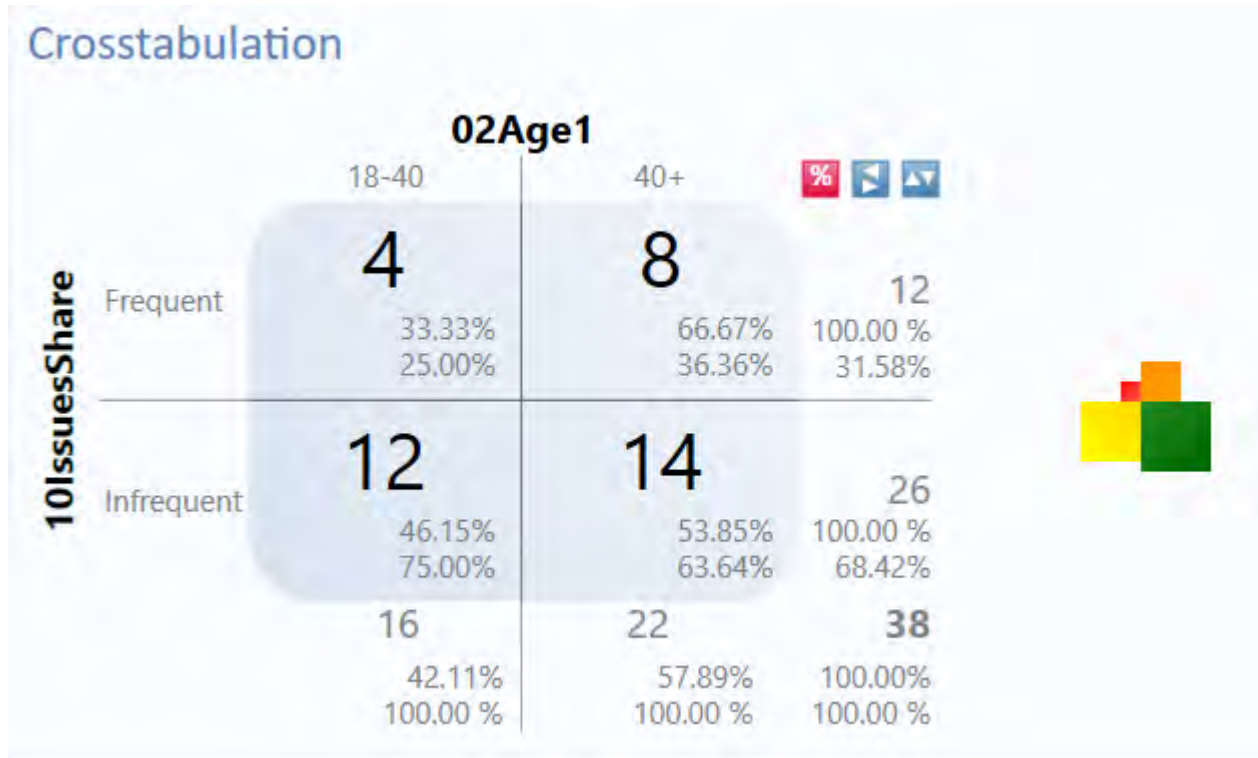
# Assessment of Own Personal Political Engagement



## How often do you think about political issues during the day?



# How often do you communicate about political issues during the day?



# How often do you taking any action on political issues during the day?



## Crosstabulation

		02Age1		
		18-40	40+	%
11IssuesAct	Frequent	4 44.44% 25.00%	5 55.56% 22.73%	9 100.00 % 23.68%
	Infrequent	12 41.38% 75.00%	17 58.62% 77.27%	29 100.00 % 76.32%
		16 42.11% 100.00 %	22 57.89% 100.00 %	38 100.00 %



# What do you consider to be the five most important problems of the Philippines (List then rank from Highest [1] to Lowest [5] after the entry.)



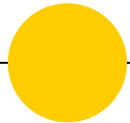
○ First mention:

12PHPrblems#1a	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
Corruption and lack of accountability	7	17.07%	17.07%	7.15%	32.06%	
Covid19 and health	15	36.59%	53.66%	22.12%	53.06%	
Drugs	1	2.44%	56.10%	0.06%	12.86%	
Education and literacy	2	4.88%	60.98%	0.60%	16.53%	
Fake news, biased media, and poor awareness of political situation	1	2.44%	63.41%	0.06%	12.86%	
Human rights abuses	2	4.88%	68.29%	0.60%	16.53%	
Poor government leaders and staff	1	2.44%	70.73%	0.06%	12.86%	
Poverty, unemployment, and high prices	9	21.95%	92.68%	10.56%	37.61%	
Values, collective consciousness, maturity	3	7.32%	100.00%	1.54%	19.92%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



corruption collective  
poverty accountability  
prices  
covid19  
consciousness  
lack health  
high unemployment

# Macro Domain: Political Context







**Q1. Which individuals or organizations do you think influenced the Filipino voters the most during the 2019 elections? (Rank from highest (1) to lowest (10))**

22InfCand	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	19	57.58%	57.58%	39.22%	74.52%	
2	7	21.21%	78.79%	8.98%	38.91%	
3	3	9.09%	87.88%	1.92%	24.33%	
4	2	6.06%	93.94%	0.74%	20.23%	
5	1	3.03%	96.97%	0.08%	15.76%	
7	1	3.03%	100.00%	0.08%	15.76%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

23InfPolPar	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	3	10.00%	10.00%	2.11%	26.53%	
2	8	26.67%	36.67%	12.28%	45.89%	
3	4	13.33%	50.00%	3.76%	30.72%	
4	4	13.33%	63.33%	3.76%	30.72%	
5	3	10.00%	73.33%	2.11%	26.53%	
6	4	13.33%	86.67%	3.76%	30.72%	
7	2	6.67%	93.33%	0.82%	22.07%	
8	2	6.67%	100.00%	0.82%	22.07%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

24InfGovO	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	2	8.33%	8.33%	1.03%	27.00%	
2	2	8.33%	16.67%	1.03%	27.00%	
3	2	8.33%	25.00%	1.03%	27.00%	
4	3	12.50%	37.50%	2.66%	32.36%	
5	2	8.33%	45.83%	1.03%	27.00%	
6	8	33.33%	79.17%	15.63%	55.32%	
7	2	8.33%	87.50%	1.03%	27.00%	
8	1	4.17%	91.67%	0.11%	21.12%	
10	2	8.33%	100.00%	1.03%	27.00%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

25InfMeida	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	3	9.09%	9.09%	1.92%	24.33%	
2	5	15.15%	24.24%	5.11%	31.90%	
3	7	21.21%	45.45%	8.98%	38.91%	
4	5	15.15%	60.61%	5.11%	31.90%	
5	7	21.21%	81.82%	8.98%	38.91%	
6	2	6.06%	87.88%	0.74%	20.23%	
7	3	9.09%	96.97%	1.92%	24.33%	
8	1	3.03%	100.00%	0.08%	15.76%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

26InfFam	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	6	17.65%	17.65%	6.76%	34.53%	
2	8	23.53%	41.18%	10.75%	41.17%	
3	4	11.76%	52.94%	3.30%	27.45%	
4	4	11.76%	64.71%	3.30%	27.45%	
5	7	20.59%	85.29%	8.70%	37.90%	
6	3	8.82%	94.12%	1.86%	23.68%	
7	2	5.88%	100.00%	0.72%	19.68%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

27InfNeigh	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	1	3.85%	3.85%	0.10%	19.64%	
2	2	7.69%	11.54%	0.95%	25.13%	
3	5	19.23%	30.77%	6.55%	39.35%	
4	1	3.85%	34.62%	0.10%	19.64%	
6	1	3.85%	38.46%	0.10%	19.64%	
7	1	3.85%	42.31%	0.10%	19.64%	
8	4	15.38%	57.69%	4.36%	34.87%	
9	11	42.31%	100.00%	23.35%	63.08%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



Continued:

28InfChurch	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
2	3	11.54%	11.54%	2.45%	30.15%	■
3	5	19.23%	30.77%	6.55%	39.35%	■
4	4	15.38%	46.15%	4.36%	34.87%	■
5	2	7.69%	53.85%	0.95%	25.13%	■
6	1	3.85%	57.69%	0.10%	19.64%	■
7	3	11.54%	69.23%	2.45%	30.15%	■
8	4	15.38%	84.62%	4.36%	34.87%	■
9	2	7.69%	92.31%	0.95%	25.13%	■
10	2	7.69%	100.00%	0.95%	25.13%	■
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			■

29InfWorkSch	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	2	8.00%	8.00%	0.98%	26.03%	■
2	2	8.00%	16.00%	0.98%	26.03%	■
3	3	12.00%	28.00%	2.55%	31.22%	■
4	3	12.00%	40.00%	2.55%	31.22%	■
5	2	8.00%	48.00%	0.98%	26.03%	■
6	2	8.00%	56.00%	0.98%	26.03%	■
7	6	24.00%	80.00%	9.36%	45.13%	■
8	3	12.00%	92.00%	2.55%	31.22%	■
9	2	8.00%	100.00%	0.98%	26.03%	■
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			■

30InfSocCivL	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	2	7.69%	7.69%	0.95%	25.13%	■
2	3	11.54%	19.23%	2.45%	30.15%	■
3	2	7.69%	26.92%	0.95%	25.13%	■
4	3	11.54%	38.46%	2.45%	30.15%	■
5	2	7.69%	46.15%	0.95%	25.13%	■
6	2	7.69%	53.85%	0.95%	25.13%	■
7	2	7.69%	61.54%	0.95%	25.13%	■
8	5	19.23%	80.77%	6.55%	39.35%	■
9	4	15.38%	96.15%	4.36%	34.87%	■
10	1	3.85%	100.00%	0.10%	19.64%	■
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			■



## **Thailand: Voter Education**

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KPI 2020 research results:








- ◎ Thai citizens receive election-related information from television (53%), election campaign (27%), and social media (9%).
- ◎ Females received information from election campaigns than males, while males received information more from social media and the internet than females.

## Q2. Were voters free or not free to cast their votes in the 2019 elections in your city or municipality? (Check one)



32FreeToVote1	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
free	30	73.17%	73.17%	57.06%	85.78%	
not free	2	4.88%	78.05%	0.60%	16.53%	
very free	9	21.95%	100.00%	10.56%	37.61%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

**Q4. On the whole, how would you rate the participation of the public in the 2019 elections on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is the least participation and 10 is the most participation you can imagine?**

39ElecPart	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
5	3	7.32%	7.32%	1.54%	19.92%	
6	1	2.44%	9.76%	0.06%	12.86%	
7	9	21.95%	31.71%	10.56%	37.61%	
8	16	39.02%	70.73%	24.20%	55.50%	
9	1	2.44%	73.17%	0.06%	12.86%	
10	11	26.83%	100.00%	14.22%	42.94%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

## Program of Government: Formulation and Articulation

**Q6. What proportion of national level candidates present their programs of government or position on national issues during the 2019 elections? (Check one)**

45ProgCand%	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
0	2	5.00%	5.00%	0.61%	16.92%	
0.2	6	15.00%	20.00%	5.71%	29.84%	
0.4	7	17.50%	37.50%	7.34%	32.78%	
0.6	13	32.50%	70.00%	18.57%	49.13%	
0.8	10	25.00%	95.00%	12.69%	41.20%	
1	2	5.00%	100.00%	0.61%	16.92%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

## Campaign Resources: Leveling the playing field

**Q7. The electoral contests in my city/municipality during the 2019 elections were generally won by those candidates who spent more on their campaigns.**

46SpendersWin	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
agree	14	35.00%	35.00%	20.63%	51.68%	
disagree	5	12.50%	47.50%	4.19%	26.80%	
strongly agree	21	52.50%	100.00%	36.13%	68.49%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

**Q8. On the whole, how would you rate the constructive participation of political parties and candidates in the 2019 elections on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is the least constructive and 10 is the most constructive participation you can imagine?**

47ConstrucPols	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
2	1	2.44%	2.44%	0.06%	12.86%	
4	2	4.88%	7.32%	0.60%	16.53%	
5	7	17.07%	24.39%	7.15%	32.06%	
6	3	7.32%	31.71%	1.54%	19.92%	
7	9	21.95%	53.66%	10.56%	37.61%	
8	14	34.15%	87.80%	20.08%	50.59%	
9	1	2.44%	90.24%	0.06%	12.86%	
10	4	9.76%	100.00%	2.72%	23.13%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



### A3. Mass-media and Think Tanks: Information for Decision-making

Q9. Which media sources do you think best provided Filipino voters with information on political issues during the 2019 elections? [Please rank from highest (1) to lowest.]

48Facebook	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	17	47.22%	47.22%	30.41%	64.51%	<div style="width: 64.51%;"></div>
2	7	19.44%	66.67%	8.19%	36.02%	<div style="width: 36.02%;"></div>
3	5	13.89%	80.56%	4.67%	29.50%	<div style="width: 29.50%;"></div>
4	5	13.89%	94.44%	4.67%	29.50%	<div style="width: 29.50%;"></div>
5	1	2.78%	97.22%	0.07%	14.53%	<div style="width: 14.53%;"></div>
7	1	2.78%	100.00%	0.07%	14.53%	<div style="width: 14.53%;"></div>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			<div style="width: 100%;"></div>

49Twitter	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	3	12.00%	12.00%	2.55%	31.22%	<div style="width: 31.22%;"></div>
2	7	28.00%	40.00%	12.07%	49.39%	<div style="width: 49.39%;"></div>
3	1	4.00%	44.00%	0.10%	20.35%	<div style="width: 20.35%;"></div>
4	2	8.00%	52.00%	0.98%	26.03%	<div style="width: 26.03%;"></div>
5	6	24.00%	76.00%	9.36%	45.13%	<div style="width: 45.13%;"></div>
6	4	16.00%	92.00%	4.54%	36.08%	<div style="width: 36.08%;"></div>
7	1	4.00%	96.00%	0.10%	20.35%	<div style="width: 20.35%;"></div>
8	1	4.00%	100.00%	0.10%	20.35%	<div style="width: 20.35%;"></div>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			<div style="width: 100%;"></div>

50Instagram	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
3	2	9.09%	9.09%	1.12%	29.16%	<div style="width: 29.16%;"></div>
4	2	9.09%	18.18%	1.12%	29.16%	<div style="width: 29.16%;"></div>
5	2	9.09%	27.27%	1.12%	29.16%	<div style="width: 29.16%;"></div>
6	6	27.27%	54.55%	10.73%	50.22%	<div style="width: 50.22%;"></div>
7	6	27.27%	81.82%	10.73%	50.22%	<div style="width: 50.22%;"></div>
8	3	13.64%	95.45%	2.91%	34.91%	<div style="width: 34.91%;"></div>
9	1	4.55%	100.00%	0.12%	22.84%	<div style="width: 22.84%;"></div>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			<div style="width: 100%;"></div>

51Youtube	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	1	3.85%	3.85%	0.10%	19.64%	<div style="width: 19.64%;"></div>
3	8	30.77%	34.62%	14.33%	51.79%	<div style="width: 51.79%;"></div>
4	4	15.38%	50.00%	4.36%	34.87%	<div style="width: 34.87%;"></div>
5	4	15.38%	65.38%	4.36%	34.87%	<div style="width: 34.87%;"></div>
6	6	23.08%	88.46%	8.97%	43.65%	<div style="width: 43.65%;"></div>
7	2	7.69%	96.15%	0.95%	25.13%	<div style="width: 25.13%;"></div>
8	1	3.85%	100.00%	0.10%	19.64%	<div style="width: 19.64%;"></div>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			<div style="width: 100%;"></div>

52Blogs	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	1	3.85%	3.85%	0.10%	19.64%	<div style="width: 19.64%;"></div>
2	2	7.69%	11.54%	0.95%	25.13%	<div style="width: 25.13%;"></div>
4	2	7.69%	19.23%	0.95%	25.13%	<div style="width: 25.13%;"></div>
5	7	26.92%	46.15%	11.57%	47.79%	<div style="width: 47.79%;"></div>
6	3	11.54%	57.69%	2.45%	30.15%	<div style="width: 30.15%;"></div>
7	2	7.69%	65.38%	0.95%	25.13%	<div style="width: 25.13%;"></div>
8	9	34.62%	100.00%	17.21%	55.67%	<div style="width: 55.67%;"></div>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			<div style="width: 100%;"></div>

53Newspa	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	1	3.85%	3.85%	0.10%	19.64%	<div style="width: 19.64%;"></div>
2	4	15.38%	19.23%	4.36%	34.87%	<div style="width: 34.87%;"></div>
3	1	3.85%	23.08%	0.10%	19.64%	<div style="width: 19.64%;"></div>
4	9	34.62%	57.69%	17.21%	55.67%	<div style="width: 55.67%;"></div>
5	5	19.23%	76.92%	6.55%	39.35%	<div style="width: 39.35%;"></div>
6	1	3.85%	80.77%	0.10%	19.64%	<div style="width: 19.64%;"></div>
7	4	15.38%	96.15%	4.36%	34.87%	<div style="width: 34.87%;"></div>
8	1	3.85%	100.00%	0.10%	19.64%	<div style="width: 19.64%;"></div>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			<div style="width: 100%;"></div>



Continued

54TV	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	15	40.54%	40.54%	24.75%	57.90%	
2	12	32.43%	72.97%	18.01%	49.79%	
3	6	16.22%	89.19%	6.19%	32.01%	
4	3	8.11%	97.30%	1.70%	21.91%	
7	1	2.70%	100.00%	0.07%	14.16%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

55Radio	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	3	10.34%	10.34%	2.19%	27.35%	
2	7	24.14%	34.48%	10.30%	43.54%	
3	12	41.38%	75.86%	23.52%	61.06%	
4	2	6.90%	82.76%	0.85%	22.77%	
7	2	6.90%	89.66%	0.85%	22.77%	
8	3	10.34%	100.00%	2.19%	27.35%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			






### Crosstabulation

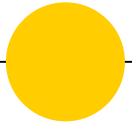
**02Age1**

	18-40	40+	
agree	15 53.57% 100.00%	13 46.43% 72.22%	28 100.00 % 84.85%
disagree	0 0.00% 0.00%	5 100.00% 27.78%	5 100.00 % 15.15%
	15 45.45% 100.00 %	18 54.55% 100.00 %	33 100.00 % 100.00 %

59InformativeOrgs1




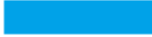

# Meso Domain: Electoral System














B1 Electoral Dispute Investigation and Adjudication

Q15. Are you satisfied or not satisfied with the way electoral disputes over national level positions contested during the 2016 elections have been resolved?

Q16. On the whole, how would you rate the effective resolution of electoral disputes in the 2019 elections on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is the least effective and 10 is the most effective resolution of electoral disputes you can imagine?

62DisputeReso1	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
satisfied	16	40.00%	40.00%	24.86%	56.67%	
unsatisfied	24	60.00%	100.00%	43.33%	75.14%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

63DisputeReso#	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	1	2.44%	2.44%	0.06%	12.86%	
2	3	7.32%	9.76%	1.54%	19.92%	
3	2	4.88%	14.63%	0.60%	16.53%	
4	3	7.32%	21.95%	1.54%	19.92%	
5	5	12.20%	34.15%	4.08%	26.20%	
6	8	19.51%	53.66%	8.82%	34.87%	
7	5	12.20%	65.85%	4.08%	26.20%	
8	12	29.27%	95.12%	16.13%	45.54%	
9	1	2.44%	97.56%	0.06%	12.86%	
10	1	2.44%	100.00%	0.06%	12.86%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



## Crosstabulation

		02Age1			
		18-40	40+	%	
62DisputeReso1	satisfied	8	7	15	
		53.33%	46.67%	100.00 %	
		50.00%	31.82%	39.47%	
	unsatisfied	8	15	23	
	34.78%	65.22%	100.00 %		
	50.00%	68.18%	60.53%		
	16	22	38		
	42.11%	57.89%	100.00%		
	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %		



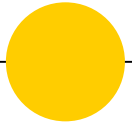


## Crosstabulation

		02Age1			
		18-40	40+	%	
89EffProtMech1	agree	1 50.00% 8.33%	1 50.00% 5.88%	2 100.00 %	6.90%
	disagree	11 40.74% 91.67%	16 59.26% 94.12%	27 100.00 %	93.10%
		12 41.38% 100.00 %	17 58.62% 100.00 %	29 100.00 %	



# **Micro-Domain: Voting System and Mechanics**



### B3. Voters and Voting: Registration and Participation

Q23. The voter registration process for the 2019 elections was professionally conducted by the Commission on Elections.

Q24. During the 2019 elections, voters did not experience disenfranchisement, delay, or inconvenience due to the absence of voter paraphernalia.

70VoteRegProf	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
agree	20	51.28%	51.28%	34.78%	67.58%	
disagree	10	25.64%	76.92%	13.04%	42.13%	
strongly agree	5	12.82%	89.74%	4.30%	27.43%	
strongly disagree	4	10.26%	100.00%	2.87%	24.22%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

70VoteRegProf1	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
agree	25	64.10%	64.10%	47.18%	78.80%	
disagree	14	35.90%	100.00%	21.20%	52.82%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

71VoterPara	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
agree	8	19.51%	19.51%	8.82%	34.87%	
disagree	22	53.66%	73.17%	37.42%	69.34%	
strongly agree	6	14.63%	87.80%	5.57%	29.17%	
strongly disagree	5	12.20%	100.00%	4.08%	26.20%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



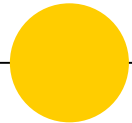
## Crosstabulation

		02Age1			
		18-40	40+	%	
70VoteRegProf1	agree	8 33.33% 53.33%	16 66.67% 72.73%	24 100.00 %	64.86%
	disagree	7 53.85% 46.67%	6 46.15% 27.27%	13 100.00 %	35.14%
		15 40.54% 100.00 %	22 59.46% 100.00 %	37 100.00 %	100.00 %











# Summary Evaluation



**Q22. On the whole, how would you rate the participation of the public in the 2019 elections on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is the least participation and 10 is the most participation you can imagine?**

84PubPart2#	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
5	4	10.00%	10.00%	2.79%	23.66%	
7	8	20.00%	30.00%	9.05%	35.65%	
8	17	42.50%	72.50%	27.04%	59.11%	
9	1	2.50%	75.00%	0.06%	13.16%	
10	10	25.00%	100.00%	12.69%	41.20%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



## Macro Domain

Q32. On the whole, how would you rate how inclusive the 2019 elections had been in engaging the stakeholders (voters, candidates, political parties, media, academe and think tanks) on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is the least inclusive engagement and 10 is the most inclusive engagement you can imagine?

Q33. Do you think in the 2022 presidential elections will be more, the same, or less inclusive in engaging the stakeholders

90Inclusiv2019	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
2	1	2.50%	2.50%	0.06%	13.16%	
4	1	2.50%	5.00%	0.06%	13.16%	
5	3	7.50%	12.50%	1.57%	20.39%	■
6	6	15.00%	27.50%	5.71%	29.84%	■
7	3	7.50%	35.00%	1.57%	20.39%	■
8	16	40.00%	75.00%	24.86%	56.67%	■
9	1	2.50%	77.50%	0.06%	13.16%	
10	9	22.50%	100.00%	10.84%	38.45%	■
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			■

91Inclusiv2022	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
Hoping more	1	2.50%	2.50%	0.06%	13.16%	
Less	8	20.00%	22.50%	9.05%	35.65%	■
More	6	15.00%	37.50%	5.71%	29.84%	■
Same	25	62.50%	100.00%	45.80%	77.27%	■
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			■

91Inclusiv2022a	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
Less	8	20.51%	20.51%	9.30%	36.46%	■
More	6	15.38%	35.90%	5.86%	30.53%	■
Same	25	64.10%	100.00%	47.18%	78.80%	■
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			■



## Meso Domain

Q34. On the whole, how would you rate how effective the electoral system in the 2019 elections was in reflecting the voice of the electorate on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is the least effective and 10 is the most effective you can imagine?

Q35. Do you think the 2022 presidential elections will be more, the same, or less effective than the 2019 elections in reflecting the voice of the electorate?

92Effectiv2019	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
1	1	2.44%	2.44%	0.06%	12.86%	
4	3	7.32%	9.76%	1.54%	19.92%	
5	5	12.20%	21.95%	4.08%	26.20%	
6	6	14.63%	36.59%	5.57%	29.17%	
7	6	14.63%	51.22%	5.57%	29.17%	
8	15	36.59%	87.80%	22.12%	53.06%	
9	1	2.44%	90.24%	0.06%	12.86%	
10	4	9.76%	100.00%	2.72%	23.13%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			

93Effectiv2022	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
Hoping More	1	2.50%	2.50%	0.06%	13.16%	
Less	12	30.00%	32.50%	16.56%	46.53%	
More	6	15.00%	47.50%	5.71%	29.84%	
same	1	2.50%	50.00%	0.06%	13.16%	
Same	20	50.00%	100.00%	33.80%	66.20%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			



## Crosstabulation

		02Age1			
		18-40	40+	%	
64ChoiceEffective1	agree	11	13	24	
		45.83%	54.17%	100.00 %	
		84.62%	81.25%	82.76%	
	disagree	2	3	5	
	40.00%	60.00%	100.00 %		
	15.38%	18.75%	17.24%		
	13	16	29		
	44.83%	55.17%	100.00 %		
	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %		





94Manage2019	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
3	1	2.44%	2.44%	0.06%	12.86%	
5	8	19.51%	21.95%	8.82%	34.87%	█
6	9	21.95%	43.90%	10.56%	37.61%	█
7	8	19.51%	63.41%	8.82%	34.87%	█
8	13	31.71%	95.12%	18.08%	48.09%	█
9	1	2.44%	97.56%	0.06%	12.86%	
10	1	2.44%	100.00%	0.06%	12.86%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			█

95Manage2022	Frequency	Percent	Cum. Percent	Exact 95% LCL	Exact 95% UCL	
Hoping more	6	15.00%	15.00%	5.71%	29.84%	█
Less	8	20.00%	35.00%	9.05%	35.65%	█
More	5	12.50%	47.50%	4.19%	26.80%	█
Same	21	52.50%	100.00%	36.13%	68.49%	█
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>			█

## Micro Domain

**Q36. On the whole, how would you rate the quality of electoral management by the Comelec during the 2019 elections on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 is the lowest and 10 is the highest quality you can imagine?**

### Crosstabulation



		02Age1		
		18-40	40+	
57FairMedia1	agree	11 45.83% 68.75%	13 54.17% 59.09%	24 100.00 % 63.16%
	disagree	5 35.71% 31.25%	9 64.29% 40.91%	14 100.00 % 36.84%
		16 42.11% 100.00 %	22 57.89% 100.00 %	38 100.00 % 100.00 %





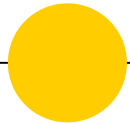
# What helped you get through the past week?





**What would you suggest to better develop a comprehensive assessment of the Philippine electoral system and use that knowledge to drive enhanced citizen electoral action?**

# **End of Presentation!**



## Crosstabulation



## 02Age1

67MoreLessObsT

	18-40	40+	TOTAL
Less	1 16.67% 9.09%	5 83.33% 31.25%	6 100.00% 22.22%
More	5 38.46% 45.45%	8 61.54% 50.00%	13 100.00% 48.15%
Same	5 62.50% 45.45%	3 37.50% 18.75%	8 100.00% 29.63%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11</b> 40.74% 100.00%	<b>16</b> 59.26% 100.00%	<b>27</b> 100.00%

<b>Chi-square</b>	<b>df</b>	<b>Probability</b>
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3.0372	2	0.2190
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<b>Fisher's Exact</b>	0.2364
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An expected cell value is <5.  $X^2$  may not be valid.

## Crosstabulation



## 02Age1

91Inclusiv2022a

	18-40	40+	TOTAL
Less	1 14.29% 6.67%	6 85.71% 28.57%	7 100.00% 19.44%
More	3 50.00% 20.00%	3 50.00% 14.29%	6 100.00% 16.67%
Same	11 47.83% 73.33%	12 52.17% 57.14%	23 100.00% 63.89%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>15</b> 41.67% 100.00%	<b>21</b> 58.33% 100.00%	<b>36</b> 100.00% 100.00%

**Chi-square**   **df**   **Probability**

2.6896   2   0.2606

**Fisher's Exact**   0.3013

An expected cell value is <5. X<sup>2</sup> may not be valid.

## Crosstabulation



## 02Age1

95Manage2022a

	18-40	40+	TOTAL
Less	3 50.00% 18.75%	3 50.00% 20.00%	6 100.00% 19.35%
More	3 60.00% 18.75%	2 40.00% 13.33%	5 100.00% 16.13%
Same	10 50.00% 62.50%	10 50.00% 66.67%	20 100.00% 64.52%
TOTAL	16 51.61% 100.00%	15 48.39% 100.00%	31 100.00%

Chi-square	df	Probability
0.1679	2	0.9195
Fisher's Exact		1.0000

An expected cell value is <5. X<sup>2</sup> may not be valid.